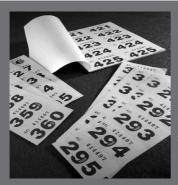
GAMBLING COMMISSION

Running a lottery including raffles, tombolas, sweepstakes and more



People have a variety of reasons for wanting to run a lottery. They may want to collect money for a good cause such as a charity or help their local sports club buy some equipment or simply to have some fun by running an office sweepstake.

Whatever the reason – fundraising or just fun – lotteries are a form of gambling and so there is a need for safeguards and other regulations.

These regulations are all set out in the Gambling Act 2005 and are the responsibility of the Gambling Commission, which has issued this leaflet.

We will try to answer some initial questions and help you to decide which type of lottery to go for.

The Gambling Commission does not regulate the National Lottery. The National Lottery Commission regulates all National Lottery products.

What exactly is a lottery?

A lottery is a kind of gambling which has three essential ingredients:

- You have to pay to enter the game
- There is always at least one prize
- Prizes are awarded purely on chance



A typical small-scale lottery is a raffle where players buy a ticket with a number on it. The tickets are randomly drawn and those holding the same numbered ticket win a prize.

Another version is a sweepstake, for example, where the participants pay to randomly draw the names of a horse in a race. The person who draws the winning horse wins the entry money.

There are other versions too, such as a tombola - often found at a funday or summer fete; or a 100 club which is often a weekly event organised, for members only, by a PTA.

As well as the three elements of a lottery outlined above, they all have something else in common: while there is no maximum price for a ticket, in each lottery all tickets must cost the same. That way, everyone has the same chance of winning for the same outlay.

Types of lottery under the Gambling Act 2005

For legal reasons, the Gambling Act has created eight categories of lottery, each of which has its own dos and don'ts. Here is a short description of them, together with a table on the back page to answer some initial queries.

These types of lottery require permission, find out more about them in *Promoting society and local authority lotteries* a publication on the Commission website.

Small society lotteries The society in question must be set up for noncommercial purposes eg sports, cultural or charitable. There is a top limit of $\pounds 20,000$ in ticket sales.

Large society lotteries Similar to the small society lottery, but there is a minimum of £20,000 in ticket sales.

Local authority lotteries Run by the local authority, to help with any expenditure it normally incurs.

These types of lottery do not require permission, find out more about them in *Organising small lotteries* a publication on the Commission website.

Private society lotteries Any group or society except those set up for gambling. The proceeds of the lottery must go to the purposes of the society.

Work lotteries These can only be run and played by colleagues at a particular place of work. This type of lottery cannot make a profit, and so is unsuitable for fundraising.

Residents' lotteries These can only be run and played by people living at a particular address. This type of lottery cannot make a profit, and so is unsuitable for fundraising.

Customer lotteries These can only be run by a business, at its own premises and for its own customers. No prize can be more than £50 in value. This type of lottery cannot make a profit, and so is unsuitable for fundraising.

Incidental non-commercial lotteries These are held at non-commercial events, such as school fetes etc. All the sales and the draw must take place during the main event, which may last more than a single day. Prizes cannot total more than £500.



What about the prizes?

Apart from the individual limit in customer lotteries and the overall limit in non-commercial lotteries, there are no restrictions. Prizes in all categories can be monetary or non-monetary; they can be cash, goods or services. Under the licensing laws alcohol must not be awarded to anyone under 18. The police or local authority can give advice on this.

The following refers to the table on the back page System A

Tickets must show the name of the society and/or the purpose of the lottery, the ticket price, the name and address of the organiser and the date of the draw.

System B

Tickets must show the name and address of the organiser, the ticket price, any restrictions as to who may or may not buy a ticket, and state that the rights created by the ticket are non-transferable.

System C

There are no specific requirements for tickets.

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C	ETUU max	Only at event	One-ott. Sales only at event	Anyone	Anyone at the event	Yes	Non- commercial
œ	Yes, for prizes and reasonable lottery running costs	No sales or ads off premises	7 days between. No rollovers	Occupier of business premises	Your customers	No profit can be made	Customer
Β	Yes, for prizes and reasonable lottery running costs	No ads off premises	One-off. No rollovers	Any residents	Residents at a single premises only	No profit can be made	Residents'
Β	Yes, for prizes and reasonable lottery running costs	No sales or ads off premises. Single premises only	One-off. No rollovers	Any employees	Employees at a single premises only	No profit can be made	Work
Β	Yes, for prizes and reasonable lottery running costs	Members or guests must be on premises	One-off. No rollovers	Society members	Members or guests on the premises	Yes	Private Society
				c	uire permission	Types of lottery that do not require permission	Types of lotte
С	Yes, for prizes and expenses. Up to 80% of sales	Not in public street	None	Authority nominees	Over 16s	Yes, at least 20% of proceeds	Local Authority
A	Yes, for prizes and expenses. Up to 80% of sales	Not in public street	None	Society members or nominated fundraisers	Over 16s	Yes, at least 20% of proceeds	Large Society
A	Yes, for prizes and expenses. Up to 80% of sales	Check with licensing authority	None	Society members or nominated fundraisers	Over 16s	Yes, at least 20% of proceeds	Small Society
					rmission	Types of lottery that require permission	Types of lotte
Ticket system (See over)	Can I claim my costs?	Limits on place	Limits on time	Who can run one?	Who can play?	Fund raising?	Type of Lottery