

# CCTV ANNUAL REPORT 2018 - 2019

Heidi Kenmure Community Safety and CCTV Manager June 2019

# **MANAGEMENT STATEMENT**

Closed circuit television (CCTV) remains a powerful tool in the continuing fight against crime, particularly when integrated with other crime reduction methods such as retail 'radio-link' systems and a close, positive working relationship with the local police.

Dover District Council and Kent Police remain of the view that CCTV will diminish incidents of crime and public disorder where it is in place. It also assists in monitoring road safety and improves community confidence thereby creating a safer environment for residents, businesses, tourists and visitors alike.

In operating its CCTV system, Dover District Council supports all the principles contained within:

- The European Directive 95/46/EC
- The Human Rights Act 1998
- The Regulatory and Investigatory Powers Act 2000
- The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012
- General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 introduced restrictions on the use of local authorities' surveillance powers, particularly with regards to covert surveillance. The Act also provides for the regulation of CCTV by the Secretary of State and the provision of a Code of Practice. As a result, a new Code of Practice was introduced in August 2013 which can be accessed via

www.gov.uk/government/organisations/surveillance-camera-commissioner

Under Section 33 of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012, Local Authorities are under a duty to have regard to the code when exercising any function to which it relates.

The Government has also released a circular in explanation of that duty, which can be accessed via <a href="www.gov.uk/government/publications/circular-0112013">www.gov.uk/government/publications/circular-0112013</a>

Dover District Council is committed to complying with these Codes in relation to the implementation and operation of CCTV. As part of that commitment, we have our own Code of Practice, which is updated annually and can be accessed via

http://www.dover.gov.uk/Community/Community-Safety/CCTV/CCTV-Code-of-Practice.pdf

# What is the system used for?

- The prime purpose of the system is to reduce both the real and perceived level of crime
- To assist in the apprehension and prosecution of offenders in relation to crime and public disorder
- To gather evidence by a fair and accountable method
- To create a safer community and improve the quality of life for all by: -
  - Enhancing the economic climate, creating a greater opportunity for prosperity
  - Preventing or alleviating serious interruption to traffic flow
  - Preventing or alleviating problems of an anti-social nature in the community

# What will the system not be used for?

 It will not be used to gather information on people going about their lawful business. To encourage confidence in the system all cameras used by the CCTV Operation at Dover District Council are overt and their presence is clearly indicated by signs covering the CCTV area. In addition, the locations of all DDC operated cameras can be found at

www.dover.gov.uk/Community/Community-Safety/CCTV/CCTV-Locations.aspx

- It will not be used to enforce minor breaches of law that do not impact adversely upon public safety or the quality of life
- Information recorded will only be used by the District Council, Police and other statutory Law Enforcement Agencies
- It will not be used for the enforcement of parking regulations.

# The System

The CCTV system operated by Dover District Council comprises 23 cameras in Dover, 16 in Deal and 8 in Sandwich. These cameras are a mixture of dome cameras and "shoe-box" type cameras. All cameras have the facility to pan, tilt and zoom except two, which are fixed in the same position all of the time. The cameras also have the facility to pan, tilt and zoom automatically on preset rest points.

# **System Accountability**

A Lay Visitor periodically attends the CCTV room unannounced to check that the system is being used in accordance with the Code of Practice. This is a voluntary position and the post-holder has unlimited access to the majority of records and all discs and tapes currently held within the system.

We currently have three Lay Visitors. In this reporting year, the Lay Visitor has carried out six unannounced visits. No concerns were raised.

#### **Statistics 2018 - 2019**

Home Office approved crime statistics can be found on the Kent Police web site at www.kent.police.uk or at www.police.uk

The following table details numbers of incidents that have been recorded by the CCTV system over the past few years. It should be noted that these are incidents identified by DDC CCTV staff and are not a reflection of police crime statistics over the same period. For example, an incident may require action by CCTV staff yet not amount to a crime nor require any police response.

CCTV INCIDENTS BY YEAR AND TOWN									
	2011-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017-	2018	
Incidents	12	-13	-14	-15	-16	-17	18	-19	
Dover	2583	3475	4079	4374	4557	4864	4751	3429	
Deal	681	888	861	683	1084	1400	1094	934	
Sandwich	88	98	140	184	205	111	66	63	
Total	3352	4461	5080	5214	5846	6375	5911	4426	

The table below shows the number of incidents recorded by the CCTV staff and attended by the police, together with the number of arrests made as a result of that police attendance.

POLICE ATTENDANCE TO CCTV INCIDENTS 2018 - 2019									
	Dover	Deal	Sandwich	Total					
Incidents	3429	934	63	4426					
Police attended	1266	348	44	1658					
Arrests	202	34	1	237					

During this period, 303 recordings were reviewed by the police and 198 by CCTV on behalf of the police. 308of these were found to contain evidence to justify seizure of that data for use in criminal investigations.

CCTV was involved in providing assistance to 325 vulnerable people.

156 arrests were made by Police as a direct result of observations carried out by CCTV operators, who additionally provided assistance in a further 53 arrests. CCTV also monitored a further 73 incidents.

# Incident examples 2018 - 2019

CCTV staff were monitoring a known gang who approached two males and spoke to them, as the males started walking away, one of them went behind one of the males and smashed a glass bottle of his head and started punching him in the face. The rest of the gang then joined in the fight, seriously assaulting both males. Approx. 15 of the gang were involved. Main offenders were identified by CCTV and patrols attended but all offenders made off. Three were later found and then arrested.

Call from Port of Dover Police advising that they were attending a lorry where individuals of concern had run off. No descriptions given and operator advised they will keep a look out. Due to good CCTV surveillance, the Port of Dover Police were advised of their whereabouts and were able to deal with the situation.

Monitored two male youths near Dover Priory train station. Whilst monitoring one of the males pulled out a gun from his bag and started showing one of his friends. Informed control and put on police monitor. The two males then walked back to Dover Priory and got into a taxi in the rank outside. Followed the taxi to London Road, where it turned left into St Radigunds Road. Informed control of the updated location. Two males were arrested about an hour later by firearms officers.

Whilst monitoring a drunk female, two males were walking towards her. Continued to monitor and her purse was snatched from her hand and they ran off. The group then came back out onto the High Street. Informed control and put on police monitor, 2 males were arrested.

# **Targeted Operations**

The Code of Practice only permits use of the system to observe known individuals by law enforcement agencies if authorized to do so by a senior officer from the Council and by a Superintendent of Police or officer of similar level in other relevant law enforcement agencies. Targeted operations using the Council's CCTV system are only conducted when other surveillance methods are considered inappropriate or not effective.

In 2018 – 2019, no such surveillance operation was carried out.

Further information on the legal requirements can be found at http://surveillancecommissioners.independent.gov.uk

#### **Data Protection Act 1998**

Individuals have the rights of subject access as provided for in Section 7 Data Protection Act 1998. Any application must be made in writing on a standard form, which is available on our website at <a href="https://www.dover.gov.uk/cctv">www.dover.gov.uk/cctv</a>

# 0 applications were received in 2017 - 2018.

Members of the public often request CCTV footage for allegations of crime. The website makes it clear that we are unable to provide any member of the public (whether a victim or witness) with such footage but that it will be supplied to the police free of charge to assist with their investigation if a relevant crime report has been made.

# **General Data Protection Regulation**

Individuals have the right to access their personal data. This is commonly referred to as subject access. Individuals can make a subject access request verbally or in writing. The Council has one month to respond. A fee is no longer charged to deal with this request.

# **Complaints**

No complaints were received in 2018 – 2019.

# **Further Information**

The DDC website CCTV page includes updated information and maps on the location of all DDC operated CCTV cameras. This can be found at:

http://www.dover.gov.uk/community/community\_safety/cctv.aspx

Applications for personal data or for a review of CCTV footage can also be made via this website.

Applications can also be made for CCTV footage in connection with road traffic collisions. A fee will be charged to reflect the amount of time and administration required to service such requests. In such cases, footage will only be supplied to the police or relevant insurance companies.

# Partnership working

CCTV continues to work closely with the Dover District Safer Stronger Communities Partnership, Kent Police, all emergency services and law enforcement agencies, and the Dover, Deal and Sandwich Partnerships Against Crime.

#### Costs

The CCTV system operated by DDC in Dover, Deal and Sandwich cost £212,737.14 in 2018 – 2019.

# **Future Plans**

Dover District Council is to invest £280,000 in a major CCTV upgrade as part of its latest plans to support the district's town centres. The investment will see new digital technology replacing existing cameras across Dover, Deal, and Sandwich, along with the introduction of the first CCTV cameras in Aylesham. The new technology also enables future investment in town centre Wi-Fi.

Should you wish to discuss any aspect of this report, please contact Heidi Kenmure, Community Safety and CCTV Manager, heidi.kenmure@dover.gov.uk